#### 174

## Hospital for Crippled Children, St. Paul

Carl C. Chatterton, M. D.  Wallace H. Cole, M. D.  Elizabeth McGregor  Grace Jones, D. D. S.  V. E. Heinecke  - Surgeon-in-Chief  Assistant Surgeon-in-Chief  - Superintendent  - Dentist  Steward
Institution opened in 1911
Capacity of institution 250
Area of grounds, acres23
Value of lands and buildings \$582,337.00
Value of personal property 50,511.00
Expenditures for year ended June 30, 1930:
Current expense \$ 179,591.51
Repairs and replacements 12,391.93
Permanent improvements 9,321.11
Miscellaneous 10,961.72
Gross per capita cost, current expense 791.15
Net per capita cost, current expense
Number of officers and employes159

## To the State Board of Control:

The amount of work at the Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children is yearly increasing and, because of advances in the art of caring for the individual who is suffering from disease or injury producing deformity, the individual is leaving the institution better equipped to compete with normal individuals and more able to become self-supporting than ever before.

The institution has become so large, the character of the work so specialized, that it is impossible for any one individual to care successfully and to the best advantage for all the types of deformities and diseases that come. This is done, however, by various physicians and surgeons especially interested in certain fields of medicine and surgery, and to the staff as a whole the credit of such a report of work done is due.

I wish to thank the many physicians of the staff for their willingness and cooperation, who, without thought of remuneration and with financial loss to themselves, have made such a record and report possible.

Year by year the practice of medicine and surgery becomes more socialized, more specialized and more difficult. It is now less easy to interest the average specialist in a charitable service in any institution without some financial return.

I strongly recommend that your Honorable Board investigate similar institutions and ask the next legislature for some financial return to those who in the past years and in the future will give so freely of their time, knowledge and skill to the hospital.

Cooperation of the physicians and surgeons in the community in which the deformed child lives has always been commendable. I wish to thank them for their accuracy in filling out the application blank, which at times is the only history of the case available when the patient is admitted to the institution.

#### House Staff

Our experience in the last two years, having a paid resident, has been very satisfactory. Rotation of internes from institutions in the Twin Cities has proved only relatively satisfactory, and inasmuch as it is impossible to secure internes or resident without a salary, the present arrangement should continue.

### RESIDENT DENTIST

Service of the resident part-time dentist, who has taken care of not only hospital patients, but many in the Out-patient Department, has proved entirely satisfactory, as the inclosed report shows. I certainly recommend the continuation of a part-time paid resident dentist.

## PHYSIOTHERAPY AND MECHANIOTHERAPY DEPARTMENTS

Among the aids in treatment, physiotherapy and mechaniotherapy have played the most important part in the past few years. The present staff have been most helpful in their care and suggestion in treatment, and I can but thank them for their devotion to the institution and patients.

#### SCHOOL INSTRUCTION

School instruction to patients is of great value, not only because of mental training but many long hours, otherwise wasted, are saved by such training, and the joy of learning and occupation are most beneficial. Many children leave the institution, even though they have been bed patients for months, with no loss of credit as far as their school work is concerned.

#### SOCIAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

The need of a complete social service department is extremely felt, as recommended two years ago. Further investigation of the financial condition, as before admission, is necessary in conjunction with the present investigation made by the Board of Control. Supervision upon leaving the institution is still a necessity. While we feel that the patients coming to the Gil-

lette State Hospital are practically, in every instance, indigent, further investigation, I believe, is necessary if we expect to avoid abuse of the institution by patients able to pay.

## OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT

The Out-patient Department has been very active during the past two years and more children come for inspection and treatment than in the past, leaving beds in the hospital for those who are unable to come and go, or those that require hospital care.

## NEEDS OF THE INSTITUTION

The needs of the institution have been very carefully enumerated by Miss McGregor, Superintendent.

## Conclusion

For the entire staff I wish to thank the Board of Control for their special interest, guidance and thought in helping the progress of the Gillette State Hospital and the care of the indigent crippled of our state.

Respectfully submitted,

CARL C. CHATTERTON.

Chief of Staff.

### REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

To the State Board of Control:

The following report is respectfully submitted for the biennial period ended June 30, 1930:

## POPULATION

There has been a slight increase in the daily average during this period. The time in the hospital has averaged seven-plus months. The waiting list on this date is 248.

#### EDUCATIONAL WORK

A nine months' term with three months' summer school continues to be our yearly school program. The floating population, resultant from weekly admittances and discharges, keeps the school staff awake to the fact that every minute of the time the children spend in school must be counted most importantly. The children may turn to their school work daily after all hospital departments are through with them. With this handicap of time, due to rest hours, medications, dressings, sun treatments, physiotherapy, dentist, x-rays, operations and postoperative care, the school department looks with gratitude and pride upon all successful accomplishments of the children.

The June, 1930, report of the State Board of Examinations credits the school with 69 junior and senior high school subjects passed successfully. Credits earned honestly mean much thought, study and happiness to hospital patients.

Solomon's Temple, of last year's work, has seemed to be one of our outstanding projects. It shows true, friendly cooperation of five departments: occupational therapy, library, English, mathematics and Sunday School. Soap, wood, clay, cement, plaster and brass all mingled to construct the Temple. The project has received much admiration. From the work done in soap carving two students won scholarship in the Art School. Another very worth while project has been the large puppet stage. A disappearing orchestra pit, the electric wiring, the framework, stage drops and decorative work have been done entirely by the students. A coffee project by the intermediate grade children will show coffee from the plantation to its finished product. This will include much geographical history before the work is completed.

Summer school shows variations of work from year to year. Nature study classes of last year made intensive studies of all trees, shrubs and plants found on the school grounds. This summer tap dancing finds children eager for lessons. Social dancing follows second. Cooking classes have more applicants daily. Piano lessons and the Art of Whistling keep other students busy. Time must always be found for the old favorite games of baseball, tennis and volley ball. Outdoor dramatization through library channels will be featured this summer. Occupational therapy and shop work, without which the children would feel unsatisfied, complete the program.

The Trade Dressmaking course has been given each year over the biennial period. Eight students have been enrolled.

A weekly newspaper, edited by the primary children, kept the school in touch with the latest news of our own world.

An afternoon tea gathering of about 20 girls who had been patients formed the nucleus of the first alumni meeting. The gracious feeling of appreciation and thought for the hospital by these former patients can not but help to form a splendid alumni.

#### TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES

The responsibility of this School of Nursing is, first, the care of the patients and, second, the instruction of the students who come to us—for two, three or four months, depending upon the school needs—from accredited schools affiliated in Minnesota and other states.

Yearly the interest and demand for graduate nurses who have been instructed in this field grows, and we are happy to contribute toward its further advancement.

The increasing success of this school is maintained through the unfailing interest and cooperation of the entire orthopedic and pediatric staff who give freely of their time for lectures, demonstrations and bedside clinics throughout each year, including the summer months; of the dentist who through her lectures on oral hygiene and her time spent in giving personal instructions to our students, not only on the care of the child's mouth and teeth, but also on the care of their own; of the dietitian for her painstaking preparation and supervision of the work of our students in this department; the physiotherapists through their lectures, demonstrations and their instructions in swimming; to the hospital and children's librarians for their interest and for the instruction of the students in the value of books and book selection in the children's hospitals and in the home. Not the least of our success is due to the direct example and close supervision of the graduate nurse of each ward in which the student is placed who, consciously or unconsciously, acts as a model after which the student patterns her work and her attitude of approach to her work. Bearing this in mind, we endeavor to secure and maintain only nurses of a very high caliber of fitness for undertaking this type of child nursing. Only women whose example the student both on and off duty may strive to follow are retained.

#### IMPROVEMENTS

A new x-ray vault has been built, which is large enough to store safely the ex-rays for the hospital for many years to come.

New electric outlets have been put into wards as required for safety.

The machinery in the bakery has been overhauled and obsolete machinery replaced.

A new dishwashing machine was purchased during this period.

The sterilizer for mattresses has been moved from the basement of Ward 8 to the boiler room as a safety measure.

The patients' mattresses and beds throughout the hospital have been renovated and enameled.

Eighteen cubicles have been added to the wards.

The brace shop has been completed, and we are now making all the braces and appliances. This will reduce the days in the hospital as the braces will be gotten out more promptly than when we had to send them out to be made.

Painting walls and ceilings, refinishing floors, repairing plaster and screens, is routine work and takes the full time of one man.

There was an appropriation for special work on the grounds for the years 1929-30, and the west end of the property was graded and planted. The result of this work has been very satisfactory. However, there was no

appropriation for the care of the grounds for 1930-31, and any improvements and care for this year must be made from our support fund.

### NEEDS OF THE INSTITUTION

Appropriations are requested as follows: Curbing and sewers, \$900; paving, \$1,000; improving grounds, \$4,000; nurses' home, \$91,800; completion east wing, \$10,000; sun room, \$6,000; cement platform, \$1,500; poultry house, etc., \$1,600; addition to greenhouse, \$1,000; cubicles, \$1,500; generator, \$17,200; ice machine, \$3,000; steel doors and frames, \$500; water softener, \$4,000; heat control and humidifier, \$3,000; power plant repairs, \$1,000; laundry equipment, \$500; repairs Dowling Hall, \$2,000; repairs and betterments, \$8,000; electric clocks, \$750; furniture and equipment, \$8,000; equipment nurses' home, \$7,500; equipment east wing, \$3,000; laboratory and operating equipment, \$4,000; brace-making shop, \$18,000; instruction and amusement, \$4,000; library, \$500; social service work, \$12,000; and current expense, \$360,000.

## GIFTS. BEOUESTS AND DONATIONS

The estate left by E. J. Seitz has been settled and the amount left to this hospital has been turned over to the state. The property, valued at about \$42,000.00, will be available for permanent improvement in the near future.

Henry Hovey Dickey left \$2,000.00, which, with the legacy from Herman Benz of \$2,500.00, will be used for additional treatment rooms.

The Saint Paul Daily News collected and gave to the hospital \$1,869.-18 in 1928 and \$2,003.00 in 1929.

The income from the State Editors Association and the State Bankers Association endowment was used in 1928 and 1929 for tuition for Harold Langmo, a senior in the Department of Journalism at the University of Minnesota, and in 1929 and 1930 for supplies for the students attending the Art School in St. Paul.

The State Fair Board gave tickets of admission each year to all children able to attend the State Fair.

The State Capitol employes gave their annual Christmas parties, with gifts to all the children of the hospital.

The Masonic Women continue to mend and sew for the children, subscribe for new magazines and furnish entertainment.

The Ramsey County Medical Auxiliary mends, sews, does book-binding, furnishes entertainment through story-telling, assists in teaching and has given new and used garments for the use of the children.

The St. Paul Junior League makes new garments and assists in the Out-patient Department.

The patrons of the Children's Symphony in St. Paul furnish tickets to the Children's Symphony, with transportation.

The Schubert Club furnishes musical entertainment at intervals throughout the year.

P. W. Herzog continues to send his car at regular intervals to take the children riding.

Theaters, bands, churches and individuals give so generously that all available time for entertainment is taken weeks in advance.

The Dome Club sews and mends and furnishes many useful garments. These and many other organizations and individuals give of their efforts and show their desire to help in countless ways.

### Conclusion

I wish to express gratitude to all those who help to bring happiness and encouragement to the children of this hospital; to the staff and employes for their continued loyalty and efficient service; to the medical and surgical staff whose untiring efforts and continued interest make the hospital possible; and to the Board of Control whose interest, support and vision for future progress are a constant incentive for all to put forth their best efforts and to give the best service possible in every department.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZABETH McGregor,

Superintendent.

## III. STATISTICS OF INSTITUTIONS

Age, Marital Condition, Nativity and Parentage of Persons Admitted to State Institutions

Classification	Year Ended June 30, 1930			Year Ended June 30, 1929-		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
AGE GROUP						
Under 10 years	263	168	431	235	148	383
10 to 14 years	205	114	319	195	111	308
15 to 19 years	408	197	605	402	211	613
0 to 24 years	404	123	527	335	107	44
25 to 29 years	265	91	356	247	119	36
10 to 34 years	206 183	109 113	315 296	205 200	113	31 32
5 to 89 years	167	90	257	196	124 96	29
5 to 49 years	126	71	197	164	74	23
0 to 54 years	119	60	179	115	60	17
5 to 59 years	93	49	142	88	55	14
00 to 64 years	91	37	128	58	31	8
5 to 69 years	65	38	103	75	30	10
0 to 74 years	66	18	84	54	27	8
5 to 79 years	42 39	17	59	47	16	6
O years and over	10	21 4	60 14	30 7	26	5 1
Re guruowu	10				5	
Total admissions	2,752	1,320	4,072	2,653	1,353	4,00
MARITAL CONDITION	<del></del> -					
	1,800	746	2,546	1,742	757	2.49
ingle	673	420	1,093	676	757 409	1,08
Vidowed	130	101	231	108	125	23
eparated	57	17	74	27	17	4
ivorced	73	31	104	87	41	12
nascertained	19	5	24	13	4	1
Total admissions	2,752	1,320	4,072	2,653	1,353	4,00
NATIVITY						
Inited States	2,279	1,114	3.393	2,172	1,124	3,29
isia (not otherwise specified)	2,2,5	1,112	9		1,124	3,20
ustralia	~~~~			1		
ustria	24	3	27	<b>2</b> 0	9	2
elgium	2		2		2	
ohemia		2	2	3	4	
anada (includes Newfoundland)	37	17	54	33	17	5
hina	1		1	1		
ubasechoslovakia	2	2		1		
sechoslovakiaenmark	17	5	4 22	6	6	1:
agiand	12	2	14	10 10	6 4	10
urope (not otherwise specified)	-6	_		ì	*	- 1
Inland	39	11	50	34	17	5
rance	3	ī	4	ัริ	12	
ermany	38	33	71	52	37	8
reece	1		1	5		
awaii		1	1			
olland		3	3	3	1	
ungary	3	2	. 5	4	4	_ 1
	8 8	4	12	12	3	1.5
alv	0	1	9	<b>8</b> 5	2	10
			<u>ī</u>	5		:
span	1			2	<u>-</u>	
pan  thuania	1 12		12			
span ithuania exico	12	40	12 111			111
spān ithuania exico orway hilippine Islands	$\frac{12}{71}$			78	86	
span ithuania exico orway hilippine Islands oland	12 71		111			1
span ithuania (exico orway hilippine Islands oland oumania	12 71 2 15		111 2 25 3	78 1 25 3	36 	114 1 33
span ithuania laxico orway hilippine Islands oland oumania	12 71 2 15		111 2 25 3 24	78 1 25 3 14	36 	3 3 2
span ithnania exico orway hilippine Islands oland oumanis	12 71 2 15		111 2 25 3	78 1 25 3	36 	3

# Sanatorium for Consumptives-Concluded

Classification		Fear Ende une 30, 1	ed 930	Year Ended June 30, 1929		
Classification	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
OCCUPATION (Concluded)						
discellaneous:						
Accountants, bookkeepers and cashiers		2	2	2	1	
Clerks (not salespeople)	19	5	$2\overline{4}$	6	7	1
Stenographers and typists	16	4 26	4 42	1 13	7 26	3
Students Laborers (not specified)	22		22	16		1
Others in this class	7	<u>1</u>	8			
nclassifiable	1		1	2		
Total admissions	142	115	257	137	128	26
CONDITION ON DISCHARGE						
dmitted as incipient:						
Apparently arrested	25	22	47	33	41	7
Quiescent Improved	14	16	30	14 1	14 1	2
Unimproved	3	2	5	Ť	10	1
Died	·				1	
dmitted as moderately advanced:						
Apparently arrestedQuiescent	6 35	$\frac{3}{21}$	9 56	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 24 \end{array}$	$\frac{4}{13}$	1
Improved	1	9	10	3	4	
UnimprovedDied	7 5	11 3	18 8	18 4	17	1
dmitted as far advanced:	J		· ·	*		
Apparently arrested				1		
Quiescent	20	10	80	8	1	
Improved	2 8	3	6 11	9	5	
Died	11	10	21	6	15	
on-tuberculous		~~		1	2	
Total dischanged and died	137	114	251	137	128	26
Total discharged and died			#U1	207		
OCCURRENCE OF HEMORRHAGE PATIENTS DISCHARGED	IN					
Ind hemorrhage prior to admission but						
not during residence	37	26	63	33	25	5
Had hemorrhage during residence No history of hemorrhage at any time	19 80	14 74	33 154	16 88	9 93	18
o information	1		1		1	
Total discharged and died	137	114	251	137	128	20
SPUTUM EXAMINATION OF PATIENTS DISCHARGED						
Sacilli prior to admission but not during residence	17	10	27	18	6	:
Sacilli during residence	70	63	133	70	66	13
To bacilli at any time	<b>44</b> 6	35 6	79 12	49	56	10
Total discharged and died	137	114	251	137	128	20
	43	34	77 174	49 88	53 71	10 15
acilli on discharge						
to bacilli on discharge	94	80	114		<b>.</b> 4	
sacilli on discharge	94		251			26

# Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children

Classification	Year Ended June 30, 1930			Year Ended June 30, 1929		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Tota
POPULATION						
In institution at beginning of year	110 125	131 127	241 252	120 91	130 72	2 1
Transferred from out-patient depart-		-				
ment	82	91	173	94	84	1
Total under care	817	349	666	805	286	5
Discharged	1	3	4	2	3	
DiedTransferred to out-patient department	196	215	7 411	189	150	3
In institution June 30	115	129	244	110	131	2
Average population	110	117	227	113	125	2
Admitted as out-patients	27	23	50	29	10	
AGE GROUP						
Under 1 year	12	5	17	8	8	
1 year2 years	9 13	10 9	$\frac{19}{22}$	7 8	3 4	
years	15	12	27	7	2	
years	13	18	12	6	8	
5 to 7 years	21	28	44	23	10	
8 to 10 years	29	27	56	20	īž	
11 to 13 years	19	20	39	19	14	
14 to 16 years	17	18	35	11	14	
17 to 20 years	10	13	23	10	. 7	
21 years and over	3	5	8	1		
Total admissions	152	150	302	120	82	2
NATIVITY						
United States	143	143	286	115	79	19
Austria company				2		
Canada (Includes Newfoundland)	1	~	1		1	
Permany	ī	3	4			
[taly	1		1			
Mexico	3		3	1	1	
Poland	1		1	1	1	
Roumania				1		
Russia	2	4	2 4			
					82	-2
Total admissions	152	150	302	120		
PARENTAGE Native parentage	113	107	220	76	51	1:
Mixed parentage	14	14	28	22	13	
Foreign parentage	25	29	54	22	18	•
Total admissions	152	150	302	120	82	20
CONDITION ON TRANSFER TO OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT						
OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT	10	12	22	^	7	
mproved	175	199	374	9 169	138	30
Inimproved	3	2	5	7	4	ĵ
Intrested	ğ	5	14	4	ā	- 1
Died	5	2	7	4	ž	
Total	202	220	422	193	155	34
DURATION OF STAY OF PATIENT	18					
less than 8 months	89	61	150	66	39	10
to 5 months	50	55	105	35	38	Ť
to 12 months	35	60	95	62	52	11
year but less than 2	16	29	45	24	20	4
years but less than 3	7	- 8	15	2	1	
years and over	5	7	12	4	5	
•	202	220	422	193	155	34

# Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children-Continued

Classification		Year Ended —June 30, 1930———June 30, 1929——
	Ma	le Female Total Male Female Tota
OPERATIONS FROM	M JULY	1, 1928, TO JUNE 30, 1930
denoidéctomy	4	Needling eye for cataract
i mnntation	7	Neurectomy
Appendectomy	4	Open lengthening of leg
Appendectomy	114	Osteoclasia
	3	Osteotomy
orthroplasty stopsy slood transfusion sone block	2	Osteomyelitis radical operation
Slopsy	4 5	Paracentesis
lone block	22	Poduction of fracture
le neulotomy	- 2	Plastic repair Reduction of fracture Reduction of hip—closed Reduction of hip—open
apsulotomy	11	Reduction of hip—open
left palate repair	7	Reduction of radius
left palate	13	Removal of foreign body
Pleft palate	- î l	Removal of opaque lens capsule
Contracture scar	1	Removal of osteochondromata from
correction for subluxation	3	ulna
vatoscopy	3	Removal of sequestrae
Dissection of forearm for Volkman's		Removal of spina bifida
ischaemic paralysis	2	Removal of Steinman pins
Division of sternocleido mastoid	1	Removal of supernumerary toes
Division of ulnar nerve	1	Resection of knee
Orainage of abscess	14	Resection of obturator nerve; division
Excision—scar tissueExploratory operationExtraction of teeth	8 5	of adductor longes and lengthening
Exploratory operation	149	tendo Achillis
asciotomy	4	Shelving operation hip (Albee)
racture for correction of anterior	~=	Shelving operation hip (Albee) Skin graft
howing	1	Soutter fasciotomy and tendon trans-
bowing usion of hip large of spine lerniotomy	6	ference
usion of spine	20	Spinal graft
Jerniotomy	i	Straightening hammer toes
ncision and drainage	18	Stripping of oscalces
Insertion of Steinman pin	9	Sympathectomy periarterial
Laminectomy	2	Tendon transference
Laparotomy exploratory	1	Tenodesis
engthening of hand strings	3	Tenotomy
Lengthening of heel cords	3 8	Tonsillectomy
Jengmening of tenuo Achims	60	Tonsillectomy and adenoidectomy 1
Mestoidectomy	4	Thyroidectomy Tonsillectomy and adenoidectomy Torticollis corrected
Manipulations Mastoidectomy Modified Albee	ī	Transfer of biceps to the patella
dyotomy	ä	Transfer of props to the paterial
BRACES AND APPLIANCE	s from	M JULY 1, 1928, TO JUNE 30, 1930
pencer corsets	18	Braces repaired and adjusted 6
Spencer corsets repaired and adjusted	12	New special apparatus
homas splints	-5	Artificial limbs
(necial shoes	58	Artificial limbs
Shoes repaired and adjusted	1,140	Artificial eyes furnished
Shoes repaired and adjusted	107	Glasses furnished I
ackets repaired and adjusted	112	Glasses repaired 1
Vew braces	619	<u> </u>
DENTAL WORK FRO	M JUL	Y 1, 1928, TO JUNE 30, 1930
Number of patients treated	1,063	Number of extractions:
Number of prophylaxis	1,903	Deciduous teeth 2
Number of prophylaxis Number of fillings:		Permanent teeth
Amalgam	1,004	Number of orthodontia cases
Comout	260	Number of orthodontia visits
Cement		
Synthetic porcelain	361 66	Number of orthodontia cases

## Gillette State Hospital for Crippled Children-Concluded

## X-RAY AND LABORATORY WORK FROM JULY 1, 1928, TO JUNE 30, 1930

Urinalysis	8,720	Vaccines:	
Blood Examinations:		Comb. sc. fever and diphtheria	78
Hemoglobin	1,531	Triple typhoid	]
Red blood count		Typhoid	4
White blood count		Smallpox Diphtheria	4.
DifferentialCoagulation time	617 926	Scarlet fever	23
Blood matching	926	Pertussin	40
Bleeding time		Antitetanus	4.1
Blood grouping	57	Antitoxins:	
Blood groupingP. S. P. tests	2	Toxin antitoxin	3
Platelet count	3	Antitoxin	
Pus examinations	11	Scarlet toxin	66
Wassermans	857	Tetanus antitoxin	00
Widal	15	Diphtheria toxin	ç
Blood cultures:	10	Comb. sc. fever and diphtheria	48
Blood chemistry	20	Foreign protein vaccines	4
Blood tolerance	1	Foreign protein antitoxins	4
Blood calciums	9	Sinus cultures	-
Blood sugar	2	Exudates:	
Tissues:	-	Nose and throat cultures	3,15
Gross	115	Basal metabolism	0,10
Microscopic	62	Autopsies	1
Spinal fluids:	02	X-ray department:	
Cell counts	14	Number of x-rays taken	4.32
Colloidal gold	14	Radiographic consultations	Ξ,υ.
Cultures	14	X-ray therapy	ì
Globulins	14	Fluoroscopic examinations	ŝ
Wasserman	î4	Cystoscopic examinations	
Guines pig inoculations	48	Photographs taken	1,77
Gastric analysis	Ď	Tests:	2, , ,
Stool examinations	6	Sedimentation and fibrinogen	10
Smears	397	Tularemia	
Sputums	114	Malta fever	
.,		Von Pirquet	77
		Manteau	1
		Dick	1,28
		Schick	1,24
	ROM JU	LY 1, 1928, TO JUNE 30, 1930	
House patients:		Out-patient department:	
Muscle tests	311	Muscle tests	4
Suspensions	4,270	Treatments	96
Treatments		Suspensions	5
Diathermy	114	Heliotherapy:	
Swimming pool treatments	4,324	Kromayer lamp	9
Swimming pool lessons	5,686	Alpine lamp	ĭ
	•	Burdick lamp	4
	14 005	Diathermy	
	14,807		0
Heliotherapy: Direct sun treatment Alpine lamp	18.157	Diametricity	b
Direct sun treatment	18.157	District Mily Land Land	6
Direct sun treatment	18,157 11,278 80	Distinct Ni	ь
Direct sun treatment Alpine lamp Burdick lamp	18,157 11,278 80	Diametri,	ь
Direct sun treatment Alpine lamp Burdick lamp Carbon arc	18,157 11,278 80 2,014	<i>Distriction</i>	6
Direct sun treatment Alpine lamp Burdick lamp Carbon are Kromayer lamp Quartzlite	18,157 11,278 80 2,014 9,126	TULY 1, 1928, TO JUNE 30, 1930	

Cortial Board Biennial Report

M360 C76 V.15

119 C 3 7 B